

QBDE067A0B Barracuda™ Series DC-DC Power Modules

$40\text{-}60V_{dc}$ Input; 12.0V_{dc}, 67.0A, 800W Output



Description

The QBDE067A0B Barracuda[™] series of dcdc converters is a new generation of fully regulated DC/DC power modules designed to support 12.0V_{dc} intermediate bus applications where multiple low voltages are subsequently generated using point of load (POL) converters, as well as other application requiring a tightly regulated output voltage. The QBDE067A0B series operate from an input voltage range of 40 to 60V_{dc} and provide up to 800W output power with a fully regulated output voltage of 12.0V_{dc} in an industry standard, DOSA compliant quarter

brick. The converter incorporates digital control, synchronous rectification technology, a fully regulated control topology, and innovative packaging techniques to achieve full load efficiency exceeding 96.3% at 12.0V_{dc} output. This leads to lower power dissipation such that for many applications a heat sink is not required. Standard features include a heat plate to attach external heat sinks or contact a cold wall, on/off control, output overcurrent and over voltage protection, over temperature protection, input under and over voltage lockout and PMBus interface.

The output is fully isolated from the input, allowing versatile polarity configurations and grounding connections. Built-in filtering for both input and output minimizes the need for external filtering.

Applications

- Distributed power architectures
- Intermediate bus voltage applications
- Networking equipment including Power over Ethernet (PoE)
- Servers and storage applications
- Supercomputers
- Automatic Test Equipment

Options

- Passive Droop Load Sharing (-P=option code)
- Negative Remote On/Off logic (1=option code, factory preferred)
- Auto-restart after fault shutdown (4=option code, factory preferred)
- Shorter pin length



Features

- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and amended Directive (EU) 2015/863
- Compliant to REACH Directive (EC) No 1907/2006
- Can be processed with paste-through-hole Pb or Pb-free reflow process
- High and flat efficiency > 96.3% 50-90% load at V_{in}=50V_{dc}
- Input voltage range: 40-60V_{dc}
- Delivers up to 800W output power
- Fully regulated 12V output voltage at V_{in} minimum
- Low output ripple and noise
- Industry standard, DOSA Compliant Quarter Brick: 58.4mm x 36.8mm x 12.7 mm (2.30in x 1.45in x 0.50in)
- Constant switching frequency
- Remote On/Off control
- Output over current/voltage protection

- Digital interface with PMBus™ Rev.1.2 compliance^
- Over temperature protection
- Wide operating temperature range: -40°C to 85°C, continuous
- ANSI/UL*62368-1 and CAN/CSA⁺ C22.2 No. 62368-1 Recognized, DIN VDE⁺0868-1/A11:2017 (EN62368- 1:2014/A11:2017)
- Meets the voltage and current requirements for ETSI 300-132- 2 and complies with and licensed for Basic insulation rating
- CE mark meets 2014/35/EU directive[§]
- ISO** 9001 and ISO14001 certified manufacturing facilities
- Base plate (-H=option code, always required)

FOOTENOTES

- Barracuda is a trademark of OmniOn Company
- PMBus name and logo are registered trademarks of SMIF, Inc. # UL is a registered trademark of Underwriters Laboratories, Inc.
- † CSA is a registered trademark of Canadian Standards Association.
- ‡ VDE is a trademark of Verband Deutscher Elektrotechniker e.V.
- ¤ IEEE and 802 are registered trademarks of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Incorporated.
- § This product is intended for integration into end-user equipment . All of the required procedures of end-use equipment should be followed.
- ** ISO is a registered trademark of the International Organization of Standards



Technical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only; functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the Preliminary Data Sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect device reliability.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Voltage ¹				
Continuous	V _{IN}	-0.3	60	V _{dc}
Non-operating continuous	V _{IN}		64	V _{dc}
Von/off to Vin(-)	V _{ON/OFF}	—	14.5	V _{dc}
ADDRx (pins 14,15) to SIG_GND (pin 10)		-0.5	3.8	V
Power good Signal Source /Sink Capabilty	I _{PG}	_	16	mA
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _A	-40	85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40	125	°C
I/O Isolation Voltage ² (100% factory Hi-Pot tested)	—	—	2250	V _{dc}

¹ Input over voltage protection will shut down the output voltage when the input voltage exceeds threshold level.

²Base plate is considered floating.

Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply overall operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage		VIN	40	48/52/54	60	V _{dc}
Maximum Input Current (V _{IN} =40V, I _O =I _{O, max})		I _{IN,max}			22	A _{dc}
Input No Load Current	All			195		mA
(V _{IN} = V _{IN, nom} , I _O = 0, module enabled)	All	I _{IN,No} load		195		ШA
Input Stand-by Current	All	I _{IN.stand-bv}			30	mA
(V _{IN} = V _{IN, nom} , module disabled)	All	IIN,stand-by			50	
External Input Capacitance	All		140			μF
Inrush Transient (for fuse sizing*)	All	l²t	—	—	1	A ² s
Input Terminal Ripple Current						
(Measured at module input pin with maximum specified input						
capacitance and < 500uH inductance between voltage source	All			900		mA _{rms}
andinput capacitance)						
5Hz to 20MHz, VIN= 48V, Io= Iomax				05		
Input Ripple Rejection (120Hz)	All			25		dB
Output Voltage Set-point (V _{IN} =48V, I ₀ =42A, T _A =25°C) (Adjustable via PMBus)		Volum	11.95	12.00	12.05	V _{dc}
	-P option	1 0, 300				- 40
Output Voltage Set-point (V_{IN} =48V, I_0 =42A, T_A =25°C) (Adjustable		V _{O, set}	12.07	12.12	12.17	V _{dc}
via PMBus only when VOUT_DROOP = 0 mV/A)	Option					
Output Voltage	Without	N/	11 C (10.70	N/
(Over all operating input voltage (40V to 60V), resistive load,	-P	Vo	11.64		12.36	V _{dc}
andtemperature conditions until end of life) Output Voltage	option					
	-P	Vo	11.43		12.82	V _{dc}
(Over all operating input voltage (40V to 60V), resistive load, andtemperature conditions until end of life)	Option	VO	11.45		12.02	v ac
Output Regulation [V $_{IN,min}$ = 40V]						
Line $(V_{IN} = V_{IN, min} \text{ to } V_{IN, max})$	w/o -P			0.2		% Vo, set
Line (V _{IN} = V _{IN, min} to V _{IN, max})	-P option			0.5		% V _{O, set}
Load (Io=Io, min to Io, max)	w/o -P			0.2		% V _{O, set}
Load $(I_0=I_{0, min}$ to $I_{0, max})$, Intentional Droop	-P option			0.67		V _{dc}
Temperature (T_A = -40°C to +85°C)	All			2		% V _{O, set}



Electrical Specifications (continued)

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Ripple and Noise, CO=660uF, ½ Ceramic, ½ PosCap (V _{IN} =V _{IN} , nom and I ₀ =I _{0, min} to I _{0, max}) RMS (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth) Peak-to-Peak (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth)	All		_	70		mV _{rms} mV _{pk-pk}
External Output Capacitance (mix<20% ceramic, remainder electrolytic. For non-droop models (w/o -P), startup IO≤55A)	All	C _{O, max}	0		10,000	μF
Output Power	All	Po	0	—	800	W
Output Current	All	lo	0		67	А
VOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT (Default) (Adjustable via PMBus)	All	I _{O,lim}		80.4		A _{dc}
Efficiency (V _{IN} = 48V T _A = 25°C) I _O =100% I _{O, max} , V _O = V _{O,set} I _O =50% I _{O, max} to 90% I _{O, max} , V _O = V _{O,set}	All All	η η		96.1 96.3		% %
Switching Frequency (Primary FETs)		fsw		170		kHz
Dynamic Load Response dI _o /dt=1A/ms; V _{in} =V _{in,nom} ; T _A =25°C;						
(Tested with a 1.0µF ceramic, and 470uF capacitor at the load.) Load Change from IO = 50% to 75% of I _{O,max} .						
Peak Deviation	All	V _{pk}		450	_	mV_{pk}
Settling Time (VO <10% peak deviation)		ts		300	_	μs
Load Change from I_0 = 75% to 50% of $I_{0,max}$						
Peak Deviation	All	V _{pk}		450	_	mV_{pk}
Settling Time (V $_{\circ}$ <10% peak deviation)		ts		300	_	μs

CAUTION: This power module is not internally fused. An input line fuse must always be used.

This power module can be used in a wide variety of applications, ranging from simple standalone operation to an integrated part of sophisticated power architecture. To preserve maximum flexibility, internal fusing is not included, however, to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. The safety agencies require a fast-acting fuse with a maximum rating of 30 A (see Safety Considerations section). Based on the information provided in this Preliminary Data Sheet on inrush energy and maximum dc input current, the same type of fuse with a lower rating can be used. Refer to the fuse manufacturer's Preliminary Data Sheet for further information.

Isolation Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Isolation Capacitance	Ciso		4000		pF
Isolation Resistance	Riso	10			MΩ

General Specifications

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Тур	Unit
Calculated Reliability Based upon Telcordia SR-332 Issue 3 : Method I, Case 3, (IO=80%IO, max, TA=40°C, Airflow = 200	All	MTBF	8,379,574	Hours
LFM),90% confidence	All	FIT	119.3	10 ⁹ /Hours
Weight – With base Frame			71.0(3.17)	g (oz.)



Feature Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions. See Feature Descriptions for additional information.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Remote On/Off Signal Interface						
$(V_{IN}=V_{IN, min}$ to $V_{IN, max}$, Signal referenced to V_{IN} - terminal)						
Negative Logic ("1" device code suffix):						
Logic Low = module On; Logic High = module Off						
Positive Logic (no device code suffix):						
Logic Low = module Off; Logic High = module On						
Logic Low (pull down to V _{IN} (-) externally)						
Voltage	All	V _{on/off}	-0.3		0.8	V _{dc}
Sink current (V _{in} =56V)	All	I _{on/off}		150	200	μÅ
Logic High (default; pulled up internally)						
Internal pull-up voltage	All	Von/off	2.4	5	8.2	V _{dc}
Optional external applied voltage	All	V _{on/off}	2.4		14.5	V _{dc}
Leakage current of external pull-down device (V _{on/off} = 2.4V) Turn-On Delay and Rise Times (I ₀ =I _{0, max} , Adjustable via	All	I _{on/off}			130	μA
PMBus)						
T_{delay} =Time until V _o = 10% of V _{o,set} from either application of						
V _{in} with Remote On/Off set to On (Enable with Vin); or	w/o -P	T _{delay, Enable} with Vin	—	—	75	ms
operation of Remote On/Off from Off to On with Vin		$T_{delay, \; Enable \; with \; on/off}$		—	5	ms
already applied for at least 30 milli-seconds (Enable with	-P	T delay, Enable with Vin		—	85*	ms
on/off).	option	T _{delay, Enable with on/off}		_	35*	ms
* Increased T_{delay} for parallel modules, with $I_{\text{O},\text{TOT}}$ = 50% I $_{\text{O},\text{max}}$						
T_{rise} = time for $V_{\rm o}$ to rise from 10% to 90% of $V_{\rm o,set}$	All	T _{rise}	—	15		ms
Load Sharing Current Balance	-P					
(difference in output current across all modules with	option	l _{diff}		—	6	A _{dc}
outputs in parallel, no load to full load)						
	-P option*		9.5	12.25	12.5	
VOUT_COMMAND (setpoint adjustment)	w/o –P	V _{O, set}	9.5	12.0	12.0	V _{dc}
	VV/O -F		V _{O,set}	12.0	V _{O,set}	
VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT (Adjustable via PMBus)	All	V _{O,limit}	+2.5V		v ₀,set +5.0V	V _{dc}
Overtemperature Protection (Adjustable via PMBus)	All	T _{OTP,set}	-2.5 V	140	+3.0 v	°C
Input Undervoltage Lockout (Adjustable via PMBus)						
Turn-on Threshold				39		V _{dc}
Turn-off Threshold				36.5	_	V _{dc}
Hysteresis			2			V_{dc}
Input Overvoltage Lockout (Adjustable via PMBus)						
Turn-off Threshold [VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT]				—	68	V_{dc}
Turn-on Threshold (follows VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT -7V)			61		—	V _{dc}
Power Good Signal						
Internal pull-up resistance (to internal 3.3V)				156		Ω
Internal pull-down resistance (to SIG_GND = Vout(-))				125		Ω
* V_0 at I_0 =34A independent of droop, adjustable only when						
VOUT_DROOP = 0mV/A. After adjustment, droop may be						
reset to a nonzero value.						



Digital Interface Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions. See Feature Descriptions for additional information.

Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
PMBus Signal Interface Characteristics						
Input High Voltage (CLK, DATA)		VIH	2.1		3.6	V
Input Low Voltage (CLK, DATA)		VIL			0.8	V
Input high level current (CLK, DATA)		I _{IH}	-10		10	μA
Input low level current (CLK, DATA)		I _{IL}	-10		10	μA
Output Low Voltage (CLK, DATA, SMBALERT#)	I _{OUT} = 2mA	V _{OL}			0.4	V
Output high level internal leakage current (DATA,SMBALERT#)	V _{out} =3.6V	I _{OH}	0		10	μA
Pin capacitance		Co		0.7		pF
PMBus Operating frequency range (* 5-10 kHz to accommodate hosts not supporting clockstretching)	Slave Mode	FPMB	5*		400	kHz
Measurement System Characteristics	•					
Output current reading range		I _{OUT(RNG)}	1.6500		97	А
Output current reading blanking		IOUT(BNK)	0		1.5875	А
Output current reading resolution		IOUT(RES)		62.5		mA
Output current reading accuracy	34A< I _{out} <67A	I _{OUT(ACC)}	-5.0	-1.0	3.0	%
Output current reading accuracy (absolute differencebetween actual and reported values)	3.4A< I _{out} <34A	I _{OUT(ACC)}	-4.0	0	3.0	А
V _{out} reading range		V _{OUT(RNG)}	0		15.9997	V
Vout reading resolution		V _{OUT(RES)}		0.244		mV
Vout reading accuracy		V _{OUT(ACC)}	-2.0	0.6	2.0	%
V _{IN} reading range		VIN(RNG)	0		127.875	V
V _{IN} reading resolution		VIN(RES)		125		mV
V _{IN} reading accuracy		VIN(ACC)	-4.0	0.8	4.0	%
Temperature reading resolution		T _(RES)		0.25		°C
Temperature reading accuracy		T _(ACC)	-5.0		5.0	%



Characteristic Curves, 12.0V_{dc} Output

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the QBDE067A0B (12V, 67A) at 25°C. The figures are identical for either positive or negative Remote On/Off logic.

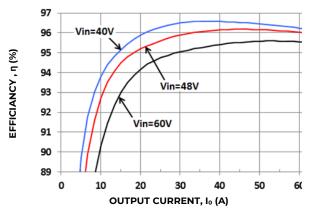


Figure 1. Typical Converter Efficiency vs. Output Current.

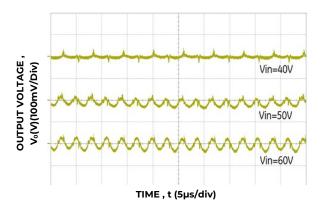


Figure 3. Typical Output Ripple and Noise, Io = Io,max CO=750µF.

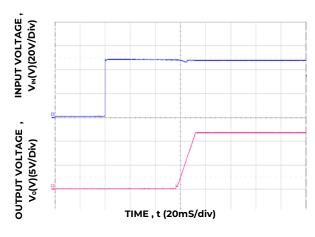


Figure 5. Typical Start-Up Using V_{in} with Remote On/Off enabled, negative logic version, without the –P option shown, $I_0 = I_{0,max.}$

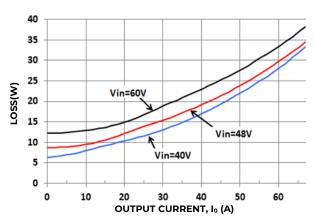


Figure 2. Typical Converter Loss vs. Output Current

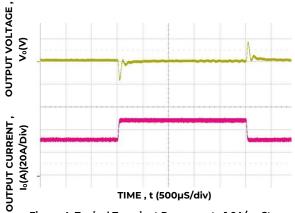


Figure 4. Typical Transient Response to 1.0A/µs Step Change in Load from 50% to 75% to 50% of Full Load, CO=470µF and 50 V_{dc} Input.

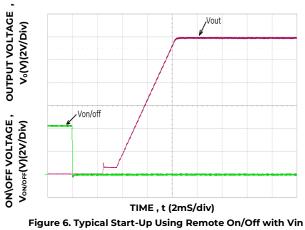


Figure 6. Typical Start-Up Using Remote On/Off with Vir applied, negative logic version, without the –P option shown, I₀ = I₀,max.



Characteristic Curves (continued)

The following figures provide typical characteristics for the QBDE067A0B (12V, 67A) at 25°C. The figures are identical for either positive or negative Remote On/Off logic.

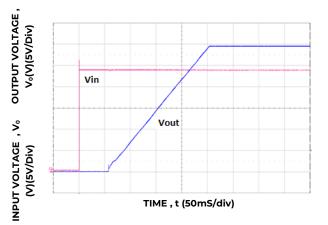


Figure 7. Typical Start-Up Using Vin with Remote On/Off enabled, negative logic version, with the –P option shown, I_0 = 50% $I_{0,max}$.

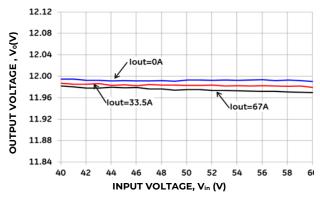


Figure 9. Typical Output Voltage Regulation vs. Input Voltage without the -P option.

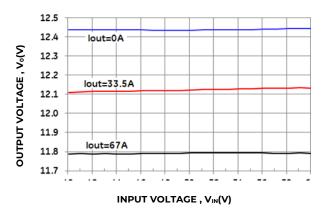


Figure 11. Typical Output Voltage Regulation vs. Input Voltage with the –P option.

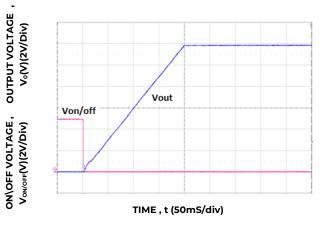


Figure 8. Typical Start-Up Using Remote On/Off with Vin applied, negative logic version, with the –P option shown, I_o = 50% I_{o,max}.

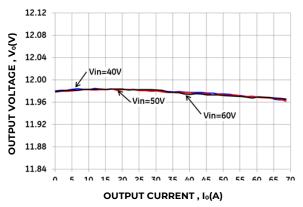
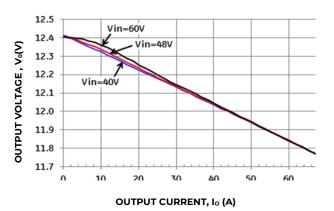
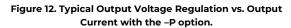


Figure 10. Typical Output Voltage Regulation vs. Output Current without the -P option.







Test Configurations

BATTERY TO CURRENT $I2 \mu H$ $CS 220 \mu F$ CIRRENT CURRENT PROBE VI(+) $CS 220 \mu F$ Cin Cin Cin CURRENT VI(+) VI(+) VI(+) VI(-)S-2736 (F)

Figure 13. Input Reflected Ripple Current Test Setup

Note: Measure input reflected-ripple current with a simulated source inductance (LTEST) of 12 µH. Capacitor CS offsets possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown above.

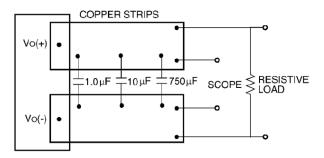


Figure 14. Output Ripple and Noise Test Setup.

Note: Use a 1.0 μ F ceramic capacitor and a 10 μ F aluminum or tantalum capacitor and a 750 polymer capacitor. Scope measurement should be made using a BNC socket. Position the load between 51 mm and 76 mm (2 in. and 3 in.) from the module.

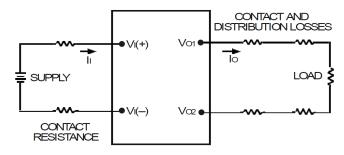
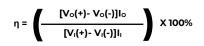


Figure 15. Output Voltage and Efficiency Test Setup.

Note: All measurements are taken at the module terminals. When socketing, place Kelvin connections at module terminals to avoid measurement errors due to socket contact resistance.



Design Considerations

Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance source. Highly inductive source impedance can affect the stability of the power module. For the test configuration in Figure 13, a 660µF electrolytic capacitor, Cin, (ESR<0.7W at 100kHz), mounted close to the power module helps ensure the stability of the unit.

Safety Considerations

For safety agency approval the power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-use safety agency standards, i.e., UL ANSI/UL 62368-1 and CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1 Recognized, DIN VDE 0868-1/A11:2017 (EN62368- 1:2014/A11:2017)

If the input source is non-SELV (ELV or a hazardous voltage greater than 60 V_{dc} and less than or equal to $75V_{dc}$), for the module's output to be considered as meeting the requirements for safety extra-low voltage (SELV) or ES1, all of the following must be true:

- The input source is to be provided with reinforced insulation from any other hazardous voltages, including the ac mains.
- One V_{IN} pin and one V_{OUT} pin are to be grounded, or both the input and output pins are to be kept floating.
- The input pins of the module are not operator accessible.
- Another SELV or ESI reliability test is conducted on the whole system (combination of supply source and subject module), as required by the safety agencies, to verify that under a single fault, hazardous voltages do not appear at the module's output.

Note: Do not ground either of the input pins of the module without grounding one of the output pins. This may allow a non-SELV/ESI voltage to appear between the output pins and ground.

The power module has safety extra-low voltage (SELV) or ES1 outputs when all inputs are SELV or ES1.

The input to these units is to be provided with a maximum 30A fast-acting (or time-delay) fuse in the ungrounded input lead.

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Feature Descriptions

Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault output overload condition, the module is equipped with internal current-limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting continuously. The module shuts down if an overcurrent condition exists for more than 100 ms, or immediately if the surge limit of 104A is exceeded. Also the module will shut down if the overcurrent condition causes the output voltage to fall greater than 4.0V from $V_{o,set}$.

Two recovery options are available, auto-restart and latching, where overcurrent and overvoltage conditions managed together. With auto-restart, the module continually attempts to restore operation, shutting down repeatedly until the fault condition is cleared.

With latching protection, the module remains off until the latch is reset by either cycling the input power or toggling the on/off pin for one second. If the overload condition still exists when the module restarts, it will shut down again and remain off until the latch is reset.

Remote On/Off

The module contains a standard on/off control circuit reference to the $V_{IN}(-)$ terminal. Two factory configured remote on/off logic options are available. Positive logic remote on/off turns the module on during a logic-high voltage on the ON/OFF pin, and off during a logic low. Negative logic remote on/off turns the module off during a logic high, and on during a logic low. Negative logic, device code suffix "1," is the factory-preferred configuration.

The On/Off circuit is powered from an internal bias supply, derived from the input voltage terminals. To turn the power module on and off, the user must supply a switch to control the voltage between the On/Off terminal and the $V_{IN}(-)$ terminal ($V_{on/off}$). The switch can be an open collector or equivalent (see Figure 16). The switch should maintain <0.8V while sinking up to 200µA. During a logic high when the switch is off, the maximum allowable leakage current at $V_{on/off}$ = 2.4V is 130µA. If using an external voltage source, the maximum voltage $V_{on/off}$ on the pin is 14.5V with respect to the $V_{IN}(-)$ terminal.

If not using the remote on/off feature, perform one of the following to turn the unit on:

For negative logic, short ON/OFF pin to $V_{\text{IN}}(\text{-}).$ For positive logic: leave ON/OFF pin open.

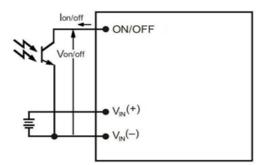


Figure 16. Remote On/Off Implementation.

Output Overvoltage Protection

The module contains circuitry to detect and respond to output overvoltage conditions. If the overvoltage condition causes the output voltage to rise above the limit in the Specifications Table, the module will shut down and remain latched off. The overvoltage latch is reset by either cycling the input power, or by toggling the on/off pin for one second. If the output overvoltage condition still exists when the module restarts, it will shut down again. This operation will continue indefinitely until the overvoltage condition is corrected.

A factory configured auto-restart option (with overcurrent and overvoltage auto-restart managed as a group) is also available. An auto-restart feature continually attempts to restore the operation until fault condition is cleared.

Overtemperature Protection

These modules feature an overtemperature protection circuit to safeguard against thermal damage. The circuit shuts down the module when the maximum device reference temperature is exceeded. The module will automatically restart once the reference temperature cools by ~25°C.

"D" versions include an overtemperature warning signal to indicate some internal components may be operating above temperature limits which have been derated for improved reliability according to IPC-9592B.



Feature Descriptions (continued)

Input Under/Over Voltage Lockout

At input voltages above or below the input under/over voltage lockout limits, module operation is disabled. The module will begin to operate when the input voltage level changes to within the under and overvoltage lockout limits. However recovery from input undervoltage may be delayed by 4 seconds, or 13 seconds if the module is hot.

Load Sharing

For higher power requirements, the QBDE084A0B-P module offers an optional feature for parallel operation (-P Option code). This feature provides a precise forced output voltage load regulation droop characteristic. The output set point and droop slope are factory calibrated to ensure optimum matching of multiple modules' load regulation characteristics. To implement load sharing, the following requirements should be followed:

- The V_{OUT}(+) and V_{OUT}(-) pins of all parallel modules must be connected together. Balance the trace resistance for each module's path to the output power planes, to ensure best load sharing and operating temperature balance.
- V_{IN} must remain between 40V_{dc} and 60V_{dc} for droop sharing to be functional.
- It is permissible to use a common Remote On/Off signal to start all modules in parallel. However if spurious shutdowns occur at startup due to very low impedance between module outputs, the modules should be started sequentially instead, waiting at least the Turn-On Delay Time + Rise Time before starting the next module.
- These modules contain means to block reverse current flow upon start-up, when output voltage is present from other parallel modules, thus eliminating the requirement for external output ORing devices. Modules with the –P option may automatically increase the Turn On delay, T_{delay}, as specified in the Feature Specifications Table, if output voltage is present on the output bus at startup.
- Ensure that the total load is <50% I_{O,MAX} (for a single module) until all parallel modules have started. Full load may be applied after Max T_{delay} + T_{rise.}
- If fault tolerance is desired in parallel applications, output ORing devices should be used to prevent a single module failure from collapsing the load bus.

Power Good, PG

The QBDE067A0B module provides a Power Good (PG) feature, which compares the module's output voltage to the module's POWER_GOOD_ON and POWER_GOOD_OFF values. These values are adjustable via PMBus. PG is asserted when the module's output voltage is above the POWER_GOOD_ON value, and PG is de-asserted if any condition such as overtemperature, overcurrent or loss of regulation occurs that would result in the output voltage going below the POWER_GOOD_OFF value.

For Positive Logic PG (default), the PG signal is HI, when PG is asserted, and LO, when the PG is deasserted. For Negative Logic PG, the PG signal is LO, when PG is asserted, and HI, when the PG is deasserted. The logic polarity of the signal is set using the PMBus command MFR_PGOOD _POLARITY.

The PG signal is implemented with a totem-pole drive stage that pulls up or down on the signal line; therefore PG signals from different modules should not be connected together directly. If necessary to "OR" multiple PG signals to detect any one pulling low, insert a Schottky diode in series with each PG signal, pointing toward the module, and provide external pull -up at the common connection.

If not using the Power Good feature, the pin may be left N/C.

Thermal Considerations

The power modules operate in a variety of thermal environments and sufficient cooling should be provided to help ensure reliable operation. Thermal considerations include ambient temperature, airflow, module power dissipation, and the need for increased reliability. A reduction in the operating temperature of the module will result in an increase in reliability. Heatdissipating components are mounted on the top side of the module, and heat is removed by conduction, convection and radiation to the surrounding environment.

Proper cooling can be verified by measuring the worst -case air temperature and speed just upstream of the module, and measuring or estimating the module output power. For reliable operation, the output power of the module should not exceed the rated power for the module or the derated power for the actual operating conditions as indicated in the derating curves of Figs. 19-24.



Thermal Considerations (continued)

A simpler but less accurate way to ensure reliable operation is to measure the thermal reference temperature (TH1) at the position indicated in Figure 17. This temperature should be limited to 100°C, or a lower value for extremely high reliability. However this method limits power more than necessary for some thermal conditions; the Tref limit may be disregarded if the derating-curve method of the previous paragraph is used.

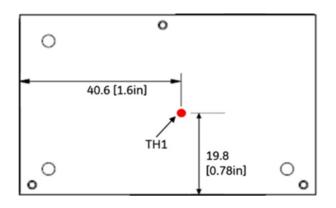


Figure 17. Location of the thermal reference temperature TH1 for base plate module.

Heat Transfer via Convection

The thermal data presented here is based on physical measurements taken in a wind tunnel, using automated thermo-couple instrumentation to monitor key component temperatures: FETs, diodes, control ICs, magnetic cores, ceramic capacitors, optoisolators, and module PWB conductors, while controlling the ambient airflow rate and temperature. For a given airflow and ambient temperature, the module output power is increased, until one (or more) of the components reaches its maximum derated operating temperature, as defined in IPC-9592B. This procedure is then repeated for a different airflow or ambient temperature until a family of module output derating curves is obtained. Please refer to the Application Note "Thermal Characterization Process For Open-Frame Board-Mounted Power Modules" for a detailed discussion of thermal aspects including maximum device temperatures.

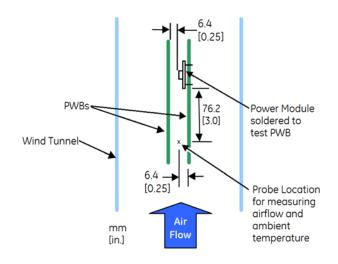


Figure 18. Thermal Test Setup.

Increased airflow over the module enhances the heat transfer via convection. The thermal derating of figure 19- 24 shows the maximum output current that can be delivered by each module in the indicated orientation without exceeding the maximum TH1 temperature versus local ambient temperature (TA) for several air flow conditions.



Thermal Considerations (continued)

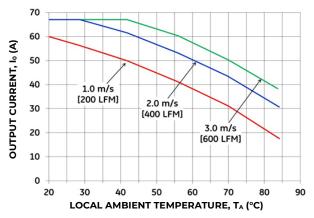


Figure 19. Output Current Derating for the Base Plate QBDE067A0Bxx-H in the Transverse Orientation; Airflow Direction from V_{in}(-) to V_{in}(+); V_{in} = 50V.

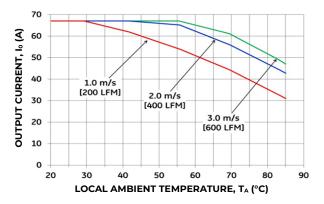


Figure 21. Output Current Derating for the Base plate QBDE067A0Bxx-H+0.5" Heat Sink in the Transverse Orientation; Airflow Direction from V_{in}(-) to V_{in}(+); V_{in} = 50V

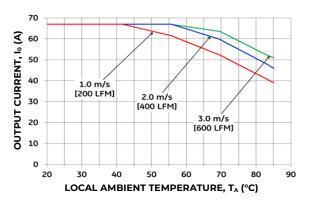


Figure 23. Output Current Derating for the Base plate QBDE067A0Bxx-H+1.0" Heat Sink in the Transverse Orientation; Airflow Direction from V_{in}(-) to V_{in}(+); V_{in} = 50V.

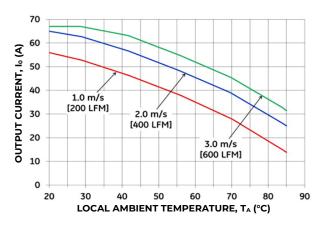


Figure 20. Output Current Derating for the Base plate QBDE067A0Bxx-H in the Longitudinal Airflow Direction from V_{out} to Vin; $V_{in} = 50V$

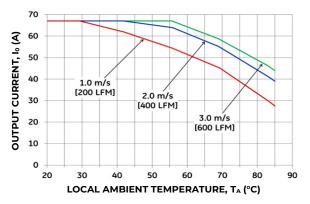


Figure 22. Output Current Derating for the Base plate QBDE067A0Bxx-H+0.5" Heat Sink in the Longitudinal Airflow Direction from V_{out} to V_{in}; V_{in} = 50V.

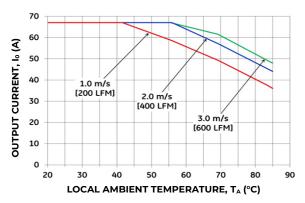


Figure 24. Output Current Derating for the Base plate QBDE067A0Bxx-H+1.0" Heat Sink in the Longitudinal Airflow Direction from V_{out} to V_{in}; V_{in} = 50V.



Layout Considerations

The QBDE067A0B power module series are low profile in order to be used in fine pitch system card architectures. As such, component clearance between the bottom of the power module and the mounting board is limited. Avoid placing copper areas on the outer layer directly underneath the power module. Also avoid placing via interconnects underneath the power module.

For additional layout guide-lines, refer to FLT012A0Z Preliminary Data Sheet.

Through-Hole Lead-Free Soldering Information

The RoHS-compliant, Z version, through-hole products use the SAC (Sn/Ag/Cu) Pb-free solder and RoHScompliant components. The module is designed to be processed through single or dual wave soldering machines. The pins have a RoHS- compliant, pure tin finish that is compatible with both Pb and Pb-free wave soldering processes. A maximum preheat rate of 3°C/s is suggested. The wave preheat process should be such that the temperature of the power module board is kept below 210°C. For Pb solder, the recommended pot temperature is 260°C, while the Pb -free solder pot is 270°C max.

Reflow Lead-Free Soldering Information

The RoHS-compliant through-hole products can be processed with the following paste-through-hole Pb or Pb-free reflow process.

Max. sustain temperature :

245°C (J-STD-020C Table 4-2: Packaging Thickness>=2.5mm / Volume > 2000mm³),

Peak temperature over 245°C is not suggested due to the potential reliability risk of components under continuous high- temperature.

Min. sustain duration above 217°C : 90 seconds

Min. sustain duration above 180°C : 150 seconds

Max. heat up rate: 3°C/sec

Max. cool down rate: 4°C/sec

In compliance with JEDEC J-STD-020C spec for 3 times reflow or heat exposures including rework.

Pb-free Reflow Profile

BMP module will comply with J-STD-020 Rev. D (Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices) for both Pb- free solder profiles and MSL classification procedures. BMP will comply with JEDEC J-STD-020C specification for 3 times reflow or heat exposures including rework. The suggested Pb-free solder paste is Sn/Ag/Cu (SAC). The recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder is shown in Figure 25.

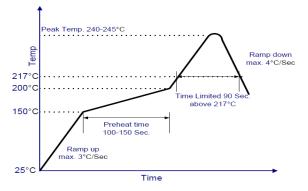


Figure 25. Recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder.

MSL Rating

The QBDE067A0B modules have a MSL rating as indicated in the Device Codes table, last page of this document.

Storage and Handling

The recommended storage environment and handling procedures for moisture-sensitive surface mount packages is detailed in J-STD-033 Rev. A (Handling, Packing, Shipping and Use of Moisture/ Reflow Sensitive Surface Mount Devices). Moisture barrier bags (MBB) with desiccant are required for MSL ratings of 2 or greater. These sealed packages should not be broken until time of use. Once the original package is broken, the floor life of the product at conditions of ≤30°C and 60% relative humidity varies according to the MSL rating (see J-STD-060A). The shelf life for dry packed SMT packages will be a minimum of 12 months from the bag seal date, when stored at the following conditions: < 40° C, < 90% relative humidity.

Post Solder Cleaning and Drying Considerations

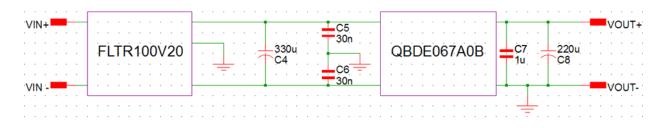
Post solder cleaning is usually the final circuit board assembly process prior to electrical board testing. The result of inadequate cleaning and drying can affect both the reliability of a power module and the testability of the finished circuit board assembly. For guidance on appropriate soldering, cleaning and drying procedures, refer to OmniOn Board Mounted Power Modules: Soldering and Cleaning Application Note (AN04-001).

If additional information is needed, please consult with your OmniOn Sales representative for more details



EMC Considerations

The circuit and plots in Figure 26 shows a suggested configuration to meet the conducted emission limits of EN55032 Class A, test with 54V_{in} condition. For further information on designing for EMC compliance, please refer to the FLTR100V20Z Preliminary Data Sheet.



C4 = 330uf 100V Nichicon VR series

 $C5 \& C6 = 3 \times 0.01$ uf High Voltage caps

C7= 1uf 100V 1210

C8 = 220uf 100V KME Nichicon VR series

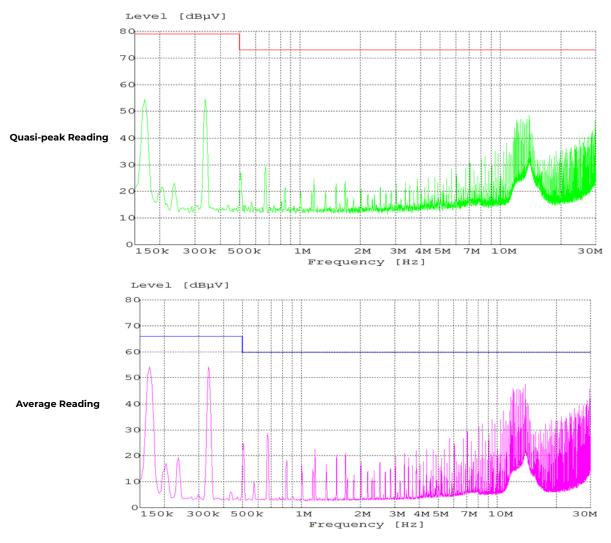


Figure 26 : EMC Consideration



Digital Feature Descriptions

PMBus Interface Capability

The QBDE067A0B series is equipped with a digital PMBus interface to allow the module to be configured, and communicate with system controllers. Detailed timing and electrical characteristics of the PMBus can be found in the PMB Power Management Protocol Specification, Part 1, revision 1.2, available at http://pmbus.org. The digitalsignal return line SIG_GND is connected to Vout(-) inside the module.

The QBDE067A0B supports both the 100kHz and 400kHz bus timing requirements. The QBDE067A0B shall stretch the clock, as long as it does not exceed the maximum clock LO period of 35ms. The QBDE067A0B will check the Packet Error Checking scheme (PEC) byte, if provided by the PMBus master, and include a PEC byte in all responses to the master. However, the QBDE067A0B does not require a PEC byte from the PMBus master.

The QBDE067A0B supports a subset of the commands in the PMBus 1.2 specification. Most all of the controller parameters can be programmed using the PMBus and stored as defaults for later use. All commands that require data input or output use the linear format. The exponent of the data words is fixed at a reasonable value for the command and altering the exponent is not supported. Direct format data input or output is not supported by the QBDE067A0B. The supported commands are described in greater detail below.

The QBDE067A0B contains non-volatile memory that is used to store configuration settings and scale factors. The settings programmed into the device are not automatically saved into this non-volatile memory though. The STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command must be used to commit the current settings to non-volatile memory as device defaults. The settings that are capable of being stored in non-volatile memory are noted in their detailed descriptions.

SMBALERT Interface Capability

The QBDE067A0B also supports the SMBALERT response protocol. The SMBALERT response protocol is a mechanism through which the QBDE067A0B can alert the PMBus master that it has an active status or alarm condition via pulling the SMBALERT pin to an active low. The master processes this condition, and Page 16

simultaneously addresses all slaves on the PMBus through the Alert Response Address. Only the slave(s) that caused the alert (and that support the protocol) acknowledges this request. The master performs a modified receive byte operation to get the slave's address. At this point, the master can use the PMBus status commands to query the slave that caused the alert. Note: The QBDE067A0B can only respond to a single address at any given time. Therefore, the factory default state for the QBDE067A0B module is to retain its resistor programmed address, when it is in an ALERT active condition, and not respond to the ARA. This allows master systems, which do not support ARA, to continue to communicate with the slave QBDE067A0B using the programmed address and using the various READ_STATUS commands to determine the cause for the SMBALERT. The CLEAR FAULTS command will retire the active SMBALERT. However, when the QBDE067A0B module is used in systems that do support ARA, Bit 4 of the MFR_CPIN_ARA_CONFIG command can be used to reconfigure the module to utilize ARA. In this case, the QBDE067A0B will no longer respond to its programmed address, when in an ALERT active state. The master is expected to perform the modified received byte operation and retire the ALERT active signal. At this time, the QBDE084A0B will return to its resistor programmed address, allowing normal master -slave communications to proceed. The QBDE067A0B does not contain capability to arbitrate data bus contention caused by multiple modules responding to the modified received byte operation. Therefore, when the ARA is used in a multiple module PMBus application, it is necessary to have the QBDE067A0B module at the lowest programmed address in order for the host to properly determine all modules' address that are associated with an active SMBAlert. Please contact your OmniOn sales representative for further assistance, and for more information on the SMBus alert response protocol, see the System Management Bus (SMBus) specification.

PMBus Addressing

The power module can be addressed through the PMBus using a device address. The module has 64 possible addresses (0 to 63 in decimal) which can be set using resistors connected from the ADDR0 and ADDR1 pins to GND. Note that some of these addresses (0 through 12, 40, 44, 45, and 55 in decimal) are reserved according to the SMBus specifications



PMBus Addressing (continued)

and may not be useable. The address is set in the form of two octal (0 to 7) digits, with each pin setting one digit. The ADDR1 pin sets the high order digit and ADDR0 sets the low order digit. The resistor values suggested for each digit are shown in Table 4 (1% tolerance resistors are recommended).

Digit	Resistor Value (K Ω)
0	10
1	15.4
2	23.7
3	36.5
4	54.9
5	84.5
6	130
7	200



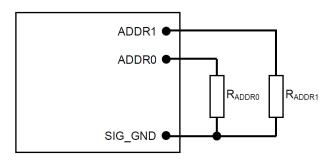
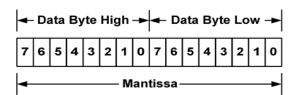


Figure 27. Circuit showing connection of resistors used to set the PMBus address of the module.

The user must know which I²C addresses are reserved in a system for special functions and set the address of the module to avoid interfering with other system operations. Both 100kHz and 400kHz bus speeds are supported by the module. Connection for the PMBus interface should follow the High-Power DC specifications given in section 3.1.3 in the SMBus specification V2.0 for the 400kHz bus speed or the Low Power DC specifications in section 3.1.2. The complete SMBus specification is available from the SMBus web site, smbus.org.

PMBus Data Formats

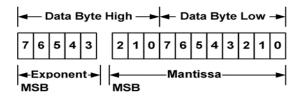
For commands that set or report any voltage thresholds related to output voltage (including VOUT_COMMAND, VOUT_MARGIN, POWER_GOOD and READ_VOUT), the module supports the "VOUT linear" data format consisting of a two-byte value with a 16-bit, unsigned mantissa, and a fixed exponent of -12. The format of the two data bytes is shown below:



The value of the number is then given by

Value = Mantissa x 2⁻¹²

For commands that set all other thresholds, voltages or report such quantities, the module supports the "linear" data format consisting of a two byte value with an 11-bit, two's complement mantissa and a 5-bit, two's complement exponent. The format of the two data bytes is shown below:



The value of the number is then given by

Value = Mantissa x 2 Exponent

For both formats, the "low" byte is transmitted first according to the PMBus and SMBus specifications.

Write Protection

Write protection is enabled by default, to prevent accidentally changing settings. The MFR_DEVICE_TYPE (0xD0) command is used to disable or enable write protection as described below. To keep changes beyond the next removal of input voltage, the STORE_DEFAULT_ALL (0x11) command is used to save all settings to non-volatile memory.

PMBus Enabled On/Off

The module can also be turned on and off via the PMBus interface. The OPERATION command is used to actually turn the module on and off via the PMBus, while the ON_OFF_CONFIG command configures the combination of analog ON/OFF pin input and PMBus commands needed to turn the module on and off. Bit [7] in the OPERATION command data byte enables the module, with the following functions:

- 0 : Output is disabled
- 1 : Output is enabled

This module uses the lower five bits of the ON_OFF_CONFIG data byte to set various ON/OFF options as follows:



PMBus Enable On/Off (continued)

Bit Position	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r	r/w	r	r	r
Function	ΡU	CMD	CPR	POL	СРА
Default Value	1	1	1	1	1

PU: Factory set to 1. QBDE067A0B requires On/Off (i) pin to be connected to proper input rail for module to power up. This bit is used together with the CMD, CPR and ON bits to determine startup.

Bit Value	Action
1	Module does not power up until commanded by the analog ON/OFF pinand the OPERATION command as programmed in bits [2:0] of the ON_OFF_CONFIG register.

CMD: The CMD bit controls how the device responds to the OPERATION command.

Bit Value	Action
0	Module ignores the ON bit in the OPRETION command
1	Module responds the ON bit in the OPRETION command

CPR: Factory set to 1. QBDE067A0B requires On/Off(i) pin to be connected to proper input rail for module to power up. This bit is used together with the CMD and ON bits to determine startup.

Bit Value	Action
1	Module requires the analog ON\OFF pin to be asserted to start the unit.

PMBus Adjustable Input Undervoltage Lockout

The module allows adjustment of the input under voltage lockout and hysteresis. The command VIN_ON allows setting the input voltage turn on threshold, while the VIN_OFF command sets the input voltage turn off threshold. For both the VIN_ON and VIN_OFF commands, possible values range from 32.000 to 46.000V in 0.125V steps. VIN_ON must be 2.000V greater than VIN_OFF.

Both the VIN_ON and VIN_OFF commands use the "Linear" format with two data bytes. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the exponent, which is fixed at –3 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa, with the 11th bit fixed at zero since only positive

numbers are valid. The data associated with VIN_ON and VIN_OFF can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command.

PMBus Adjustable Soft Start Delay and Rise Time

The soft start delay and rise time can be adjusted in the module via PMBus. The TON_DELAY command sets the delay time in ms, and allows choosing delay times between 10ms and 500ms, with resolution of 0.5ms. The TON_RISE command sets the rise time in ms, and allows choosing soft start times between 15ms and 500ms, with resolution of 0.5ms. When setting TON_RISE, make sure that the charging current for output capacitors can be delivered by the module in addition to any load current to avoid nuisance tripping of the overcurrent protection circuitry during startup. Both the TON_RISE and TON_DELAY commands use the "Linear" format with two data bytes. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the exponent, which is fixed at -1 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa, with the 11th bit fixed at zero since only positive numbers are valid. The data associated with TON_RISE and TON_DELAY can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command.

Output Voltage Adjustment Using the PMBus

The QBDE067A0B module output voltage set point is set using the VOUT_COMMAND. The output voltage setting uses the Linear data format, with the 16 bits of the VOUT_COMMAND formatted as an unsigned mantissa, and a fixed exponent of -12 (decimal) (read from VOUT_MODE).

V_{OUT} = Mantissa x 2⁻¹²

The data associated with VOUT_COMMAND can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command.

Output Voltage Margining Using the PMBus

The QBDE067A0B module can also have its output voltage margined via PMBus commands. The command VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH sets the margin high voltage, while the command VOUT_MARGIN_LOW sets the margin low voltage. Both the VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH and VOUT_MARGIN_LOW commands use the "Linear" mode with the exponent fixed at -12 (decimal). The data associated with VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH and VOUT_MARGIN_LOW can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command.



Output Voltage Margining Using the PMBus (continued)

The module is commanded to go to the margined high or low voltages using the OPERATION command. Bits [5:2] are used to enable margining as follows:

00XX	:	Margin Off
0110	:	Margin Low (Act on Fault)
1010	:	Margin High (Act on Fault)

Measuring Output Voltage Using the PMBus

The module can provide output voltage information using the READ_VOUT command. The command returns two bytes of data in the linear format, with the 16 bits of the READ_VOUT formatted as an unsigned mantissa, and a fixed exponent of -12 (decimal).

During module manufacture, an offset correction value is written into the non-volatile memory of the module to null errors in the tolerance and A/D conversion of V_{OUT}. The command MFR_VOUT_READ_CAL_OFFSET can be used to read the offset - two bytes consisting of a signed 16-bit mantissa in two's complement format, using a fixed exponent of -12 (decimal). The resolution is 0.244mV. The corrected Output voltage reading is then given by:

V_{out} (Re ad) = [V_{out} (A / D) + MFR _ V_{out} _ READ _ CAL _ OFFSET

Measuring Input Voltage Using the PMBus

The module can provide input voltage information using the READ_VIN command. The command returns two bytes of data in the linear format. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the exponent, which is fixed at –3 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa, with the 11th bit fixed at zero since only positive numbers are valid.

During module manufacture, offset and gain correction values are written into the non-volatile memory of the module to null errors in the tolerance and A/D conversion of V_{in}. The command MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_OFFSET can be used to read the offset - two bytes consisting of a five-bit exponent (fixed at -3) and a 11-bit mantissa in two's complement format. The resolution is 125mV. The command MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_GAIN can be used to read the gain correction - two bytes consisting of a unsigned 16 Page 19 bit number. The resolution of this correction factor 0.000122. The corrected input voltage reading is then given by:

 V_{IN} (Re ad) = [V_{IN} (A/ D) $(MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_GAIN / 8192)$] + MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_OFFSET

Measuring Output Current Using the PMBus

The module measures output current by using the output filter inductor winding resistance as a current sense element. The module can provide output current information using the READ_IOUT command. The command returns two bytes of data in the linear format. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the exponent, which is fixed at –3 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa, with the 11th bit fixed at zero since only positive numbers are valid. Output current readings are blanked below 1.65A.

During module manufacture, offset and gain correction values are written into the non-volatile memory of the module to null errors in the tolerance and A/D conversion of IOUT. The command MFR_IOUT_CAL_OFFSET can be used to read the offset - two bytes consisting of a five-bit exponent (fixed at -3) and a 11-bit mantissa in two's complement format. The resolution is 125mA. The command MFR_IOUT_CAL_GAIN can be used to read the gain correction - two bytes consisting of a unsigned 16 bit number. The resolution of this correction factor 0.000122. The READ_IOUT command provides module average output current information. This command only supports positive current sourced from the module. If the converter is sinking current a reading of 0 is provided.

 I_{OUT} (Re ad) = $[I_{OUT}(A / D) \land (MFR - IOUT - CAL - GAIN / 8192)] + MFR - IOUT - CAL - OFFSET$

Note that the current reading provided by the module is corrected for temperature.



Measuring the Temperature using the PMBus

The module can provide temperature information using the READ_TEMPERATURE_1 command. The command returns two bytes of data in the linear format. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the exponent, which is fixed at -2 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa.

Note that the module's temperature sensor is located close to the module hot spot THI (see Thermal Considerations). and is subjected to temperatures higher than the ambient air temperature near the module. The temperature reading will be highly influenced by module load and airflow conditions.

Reading the Status of the Module using the PMBus

The module supports a number of status information commands implemented in PMBus. However, not all features are supported in these commands. A X in the FLAG cell indicates the bit is not supported.

STATUS_WORD: Returns two bytes of information with a summary of the module's fault/warning conditions.

STATUS_VOUT: Returns one byte of information

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
15	V _{out} fault	0
14	lout fault or warning	0
13	Input Voltage fault	0
12	Х	0
11	POWER_GOOD# (is negated)	0
10	Х	0
9	Х	0
8	Х	0

High Byte

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	Х	0
6	OFF	0
5	V _{out} Overvoltage	0
4	I _{OUT} Overcurrent	0
3	V _{IN} Undervoltage	0
2	Temperature	0
1	CML (Comm. Memory Fault)	0
0	Х	0

Low Byte

relating to the status of the module's output voltage related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	V _{out} OV Fault	0
6	Х	0
5	Х	0
4	Х	0
Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
3	Х	0
2	Х	0
1	X	0
0	V	0

STATUS_IOUT: Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's output current related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	I _{out} OC Fault	0
6	Х	0
5	Iout OC Warning	0
4	Х	0
3	Х	0
2	Х	0
1	Х	0
0	Х	0

STATUS_INPUT: Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's input voltage related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	V _{IN} OV Fault	0
6	Х	0
5	Х	0
4	V _{IN} UV Fault	0
3	Module Off (Low VIN)	0
2	Х	0
1	X	0
0	Х	0

STATUS_TEMPERATURE: Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's temperature related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	OT Fault	0
6	OT Warning	0
5	Х	0
4	Х	0
3	Х	0
2	Х	0
1	X	0
0	Х	0



Reading the Status of the Module using the PMBus (continued)

STATUS_CML: Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's communication related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	Invalid/Unsupported Command	0
6	Invalid/Unsupported Data	0
5	Packet Error Check Failed	0
4	X	0
3	Х	0
2	X	0
1	Х	0
0	X	0



Summary of Supported PMBus Commands

This section outlines the PMBus command support for the QBDW033A0B bus converters. Each supported command is outlined in order of increasing command codes with a quick reference table of all supported commands included at the end of the section.

Each command will have the following basic information.

Command Name [Code]

Command support

Data format

Factory default

Additional information may be provided in tabular form or other format, if necessary.

OPERATION [0x01]

Command support: On/Off Immediate and Margins (Act on Fault). Soft off with sequencing not supported and Margins (Ignore Fault) not supported. Therefore bits 6, 3, 2, 1 and 0 set as read only at factory defaults.

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r/w	r	r/w	r/w	r	r	r	r
Function	ON/	OFF	Bits	[5:4]	Bits	[3:2]	N	I/A
Default Value	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

ON_OFF_CONFIG [0x02]

Command support: Bit 1 polarity will be set based upon module code [0=Negative on/off logic, 1=positive on/off logic to allow customer system to know hardware on/off logic.

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
A ccess	r	r	r	r	r/w	r	r	r
Function		(reserved)		Bit 4 pu	Bit 3 cmd	Bit 2 cpr	Bit 1 pol	Bit 0 cpa
Default Value	0	0	0	1	1	1	Module code	1

CLEAR_FAULTS [0x03]

Command support: All functionality

STORE_DEFAULT_ALL[0x11]

Command support: All functionality – Stores operating parameters to EEprom memory.

Command requires ≤ 500ms to execute. Delay any additional commands to module for sufficient time to complete execution.

RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL[0x12]

Command support: All functionality – Restores operating parameters from EEprom memory.

Command requires ≤ 200ms to execute. Delay any additional commands to module for sufficient time to complete execution.

VOUT_MODE[0x20]

Command support: Supported. Factory default: 0x14 – indicates linear mode with exp = -12

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Function	Mode (linear)				2's cor	nplement exp	oonent	
Default Value	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0

Summary of Supported PMBus Commands (continued)

VOUT_COMMAND [0x21]

Data format: 16 bit unsigned mantissa (implied exponent per VOUT_MODE)

Factory default (without –P): 12.000V (12.00/2⁻¹² → 49,152 = 0xC000) [standard code]

(-P option): 12.250V

Range limits (without -P, max/min): 12.000V/9.500V

(-P option, max/min): 12.500V/9.500V (adjustable only when VOUT_DROOP = 0mV/A)

Units: volt

Command support: Supported

VOUT_CAL_OFFSET [0x23]

Range limits (max/min): +0.25/-0.25

Units: volt

Command support: read/write support, lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE, functionality implemented.

VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH [0x25]

Range limits (max/min): 12.000/9,500V

Units: volt

Command support: read/write support, full functionality except "Ignore faults".

Note: Range cross-check - value must be greater than VOUT_MARGIN_LOW value.

VOUT_MARGIN_LOW [0x26]

Range limits (max/min): 12.000/9,500V

Units: volt

Command support: read/write support, full functionality except "Ignore faults".

Note: Range cross-check - value must be less than VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH value.

VOUT_DROOP [0x28]

Range limits (max/min): 50.0/0

Units: mv/A

Command support: All functionality

VIN_ON [0x35]

Range limits (max/min): 46/40

Units: volt

Command support: All functionality

Note: Special interlock checks between VIN_ON and VIN_OFF maintain a hysteresis gap of 2V minimum and do not allow the OFF level to be higher than and ON level

VIN_OFF [0x36]

Range limits (max/min): 46/40 Units: volt

Command support: All functionality

Note: Special interlock checks between VIN_ON and VIN_OFF maintain a hysteresis gap of 2V minimum and do not allow the OFF level to be higher than and ON level

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Summary of Supported PMBus Commands (continued)

VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT [0x40]

Range limits (max/min): 15.99/10.9 (See note 2)

Units: volt

Command support: All functionality

Note:

- 1. Range cross- check value must be greater than VOUT_COMMAND value.
- 2. The maximum OV Fault Limit equals the output set point plus 3V, up to 15.99V. This is an automatic module protection feature that will override a user-set fault limit if the user limit is set too high.

VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE [0x41]

Command support:

- Response settings (bits RSP0:1) only a setting of 10, unit shuts down and responds according to the retry settings below, is supported.
- Retry settings (bits RS0:2) only settings of 000 (unit does not attempt to restart on fault) and 111 unit continuously restarts (normal startup) while fault is present until commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shutdown.
- Delay time setting (bits 0-2) only DT0:2 = 0 (no delay) supported.

Default Settings: The default settings for the V_{OUT}OV_FAULT_RESPONSE command are;

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	r
Function	RSP[1]	RSP[0]	RS[2]	RS[1]	RS[0]	DT[2]	DT[1]	DT[0]
Default Value	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0

- The unit shuts down in response to a $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize OUT}}$ over voltage condition.
- The unit will continuously restart (normal startup) while the V_{OUT} over voltage condition is present until it is commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shutdown.
- The shutdown delay is set to 0 delay cycles.

IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT [0x46]

Range limits (max/min): 80.4/26 Units: amp Command support: All functionality Note: Range cross-check – value must be greater than IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT value.

IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE [0x47]

Command support:

- Response settings (bits RSP0:1) only settings of 11, unit shuts down and responds according to the retry settings below, is supported.
- Retry settings (bits RS0:2) only settings of 000 (unit does not attempt to restart on fault) and 111 unit continuously restarts (normal startup) while fault is present until commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shutdown.
- Delay time setting (bits 0-2) only DT0:2 = 0 (no delay) supported.

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)									
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Access	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	r		
Function	RSP[1]	RSP[0]	RS[2]	RS[1]	RS[0]	DT[2]	DT[1]	DT[0]		
Default Value	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0		



Summary of Supported PMBus Commands (continued)

Default Settings: The default settings for the IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE command are;

- The unit shuts down in response to an $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize OUT}}$ over current condition.
- The unit will continuously restart (normal startup) while the I_{OUT} over current condition is present until it is commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shutdown.
- The shutdown delay is set to 0 delay cycles.

IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT [0x4A]

Range limits (max/min): 74/20 Units: amp Command support: read/write support, functionality complete Note: Range cross-check – value must be less than IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT value.

OT_FAULT_LIMIT [0x4F]

Range limits (max/min): 140/25 Units: degrees C. Command support: All functionality Note: Range cross-check – value must be greater than OT_WARN_LIMIT value.

OT_FAULT_RESPONSE [0x50]

Command support:

- Response settings (bits RSP0:1) only setting of 10, unit shuts down and responds according to the retry settings below.
- Retry settings (bits RS0:2) only settings of 000 (unit does not attempt to restart on fault) and 111 unit continuously restarts (normal startup) while fault is present until commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shutdown.

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)								
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Access	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	r	
Function	RSP[1]	RSP[0]	RS[2]	RS[1]	RS[0]	DT[2]	DT[1]	DT[0]	
Default Value	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	

• Delay time setting (bits 0-2) – only DT0:2 = 0 (no delay) supported.

Default Settings: The default settings for the OT_FAULT_RESPONSE command are;

- The unit shuts down in response to an over-temperature condition.
- The unit will continuously restart (normal startup) while the over-temperature condition is present until it is commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shutdown.
- The shutdown delay is set to 0 delay cycles.

OT_WARN_LIMIT [0x51]

Range limits (max/min): 125/25

Units: degrees C.

Command support: All functionality

Note: Range cross-check – value must be less than OT_FAULT_LIMIT value.

VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT [0x55]

Range limits (max/min): 90/48

Units: volt

Command support: All functionality



Summary of Supported PMBus Commands (continued)

VIN_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE [0x56]

Command support:

• Response settings (bits RSP0:1) – only settings of 11 (The device's output is disabled while the fault is present.) is supported..

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)									
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
Function	RSP[1]	RSP[0]	RS[2]	RS[1]	RS[0]	DT[2]	DT[1]	DT[0]		
Default Value	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		

• Retry settings (bits RS0:2) - only settings of 000 (unit does not attempt to restart on fault.

• Delay time setting (bits 0-2) - only DT0:2 = 0 (no delay) supported.

Default Settings: The default settings for the VIN_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE command are;

- The unit shuts down in response to a $V_{\mbox{\tiny IN}}$ over voltage condition.
- The unit will continuously prepares to restart (normal startup) while the V_{IN} over voltage condition is present until it is commanded off, bias power is removed, the VIN over voltage condition is removed, or another fault condition causes the unit to shutdown.
- The shutdown delay is set to 0 delay cycles.

POWER_GOOD_ON [0x5E]

Range limits (max/min): 11.7/9.2

Units: volt

Command support: full support

Note: Range cross-check – value must be greater than POWER_GOOD_OFF value by 1.6V.

POWER_GOOD_OFF [0x5F]

Range limits (max/min): 10.1/7.6

Units: volt

Command support: full support

Note: Range cross-check – value must be less than POWER_GOOD_ON value by 1.6V.

TON_DELAY [0x60]

Range limits (max/min): 500/0

Units: milliseconds

Command support: full support

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)								
Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
Function	Vout	I/POUT	INPUT	MFR_SPEC ¹	#PWR_GOOD	FANS ¹	OTHER1	UN KNOWN ¹	

Format	ormat 8 bit unsigned (bit field)									
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r		
Function	BUSY ¹	OUTPUT OFF	VOUT_O V _FAULT	IOUT_OC _FAULT	VIN_UV _FAULT	TEMP	CML	NONE OF ABOVE ¹		

(1) Not supported



Summary of Supported PMBus Commands (continued)

TON_RISE [0x61]

Range limits (max/min): 500/15

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)								
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Access	r/reset(1)	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	
Function	VOUT_OV _FAULT	VOUT_OV _WARN ¹	VOUT_UV _WARN ¹	VOUT_UV _FAULT ¹	VOUT_MAX _WARN ¹	TON_MAX_ FAULT ¹	TOFF_MAX_ WARN ¹	VOUT TRAC ING ERROR ¹	

(1) Not supported

Units: milliseconds

Command support: full support

Format	t 8 bit unsigned (bit field)								
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Access	r/ reset(1)	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	
Function	IOUT_OC _FAULT	IOUT_OC_LV _FAULT ¹	IOUT_OC _WARN	IOUT_UC _FAULT ¹	Current ShareFault ¹	In Power Limiting Mode ¹	POUT_OP _FAULT ¹	POUT_OP _WARN ¹	

(1) Not supported

STATUS_WORD [0x79]

Command support: full implementation for supported functions (note: Fans, MFR_SPECIFIC, Unknown not supported)

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)								
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Access	r/ reset(1)	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	
Function	VIN_OV FAULT	VIN_OV WARN ¹	VIN_UV WARN ¹	VIN_UV FAULT	Unit Off (low input voltage)	IIN_OC FAULT ¹	IIN_OC _WARN ¹	PIN_OP _WARN ¹	

(1) Not supported

Format	ormat 8 bit unsigned (bit field)								
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Access	r/ reset(1)	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	
Function	OT_ FAULT	OT_WARN	UT_ WARN ¹	UT_ FAULT ¹	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	

(1) Not supported

STATUS_VOUT [0x7A]

Command support: VOUT_OV_FAULT support, all bit reset supported

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)								
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Access	r/ reset(1)	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	
Function	INVALID CMD	INVALIDDATA	PEC FAILED	MEMORY FAULT ¹	PROC FAULT ¹	reserved	COM FAULT (other) ¹	Memory/ Logic fault (other)1	

(1) Not supported

STATUS_IOUT [0x7B]

Command support: IOUT_OC_FAULT support, all bit reset supported

STATUS_INPUT [0x7C]

Command support: VIN_OV_FAULT support, all bit reset supported

Technical Specifications (continued)

Summary of Supported PMBus Commands (continued)

STATUS_TEMPERATURE [0x7D]

Command support: OT_WARN, OT_FAULT supported, all bit reset supported

STATUS_CML [0x7E]

Command support: PEC_FAULT, INVALID_DATA, INVALID_CMD supported, all bit reset supported

READ_VIN [0x88]

Command support: full support

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)								
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	
Function		Part I Revisior	1		F	Part II Revisio	n		
DefaultValue	0	1	0	reserved	0	0	1	0	

*See Table below:

		PMBus Revision D	ata Byte Contents	
Bits [7:5]	Part I Revision	Bit [4]	Bits [3:0]	Part II Revision
000	1.0	Not used	0000	1.0
001	1.1	Not used	0001	1.1
010	1.2	Not used	0010	1.2

READ_VOUT [0x8B]

Command support: full support

Format							U	nsign	ed Binaı	ſУ						
Bit Pos.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Function	Reserved							Module Name						WP E	Res	
Default	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Byte	Bi	t	Desc	ription		V	alue		Meaning							
High Byte	e 7:0)	Res	erved												
	7:2	2		odule		1:	XXXX		Module Name							
			Na	ame ¹		х										
Low Byte	ow Byte 1 WPE 0			Write Protect Enable not active.												
5			V	/PE		1 \				Write Protect Enable active.						
	0		Res	erved		0 1			Reserved							

READ_IOUT [0x8C]

Command support: full support

READ_TEMPERATURE_1 [0x8D]

Command support: full support

PMBUS_REVISION [0x98]

Command support: full support

MFR_DEVICE_TYPE [0xD0]

Command support: partial support in place (Mod Name)

- Present module designations (Non-isolated units will have a 0XXXXX format)
- a. QBDE067A0B4xxx: [101110]

MFR_VOUT_READ_CAL_GAIN [0xD1]

Factory default: 0x2000 Range limits (max/min): 0x2666/0x1999

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Summary of Supported PMBus Commands (continued)

Units: N/A Command support: support for Vout gain calibration (factor in flash), lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE MFR_VOUT_READ_CAL_OFFSET [0xD2] Range limits (max/min): exp must = -12 Units: N/A Command support: support for VOUT offset calibration (factor in flash), lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_GAIN [0xD3] Factory default: 0X2000 Range limits (max/min): 0x2666/0x1999 Command support: support for V_{IN} gain calibration (factor in flash), lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_OFFSET [0xD4] Data format: V_{IN} linear format Range limits (max/min): exp must = -3 Units: N/A Command support: support for V_{IN} offset calibration (factor in flash), lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE MFR_IOUT_CAL_GAIN [0xD6] Range limits (max/min): 0x2666/0x1999 Units: N/A Command support: support for Iout gain calibration, lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE MFR_IOUT_CAL_OFFSET [0xD7] Range limits (max/min): exp must = -4 Units: N/A Command support: support for I_{OUT} offset calibration, lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE

Command	MFR_ ARA_CONFIG											
Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)											
Bit Position	7	6	5 4 3 2 1									
Access	r	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w				
Function		Reserved		ARA		Rese	erved					
Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				

Bit	Description	Value	Meaning
7:5	Reserved	000	Reserved
4	ARA	0	ARA not functional, module remains at resistor programmed address when SMBLAERTis asserted
		1	ARA functional, module responds to ARA only, when SMBLAERT is asserted
3:0	Reserved		Reserved

MFR_FW_REV [0xDB]

Range limits (max/min): 9.9.99 / 0.0.00

Units: N/A

Command support: full read support

Command											
Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)										
Bit Position 7 6 5 4 3 2 1								0			
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r/w			
Function	Reserved logic										
Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1			

Format: 4 binary coded decimal digits: Major revision, Minor revision, Build high, Build low (0xMj.Mn.Bh Bl) Example: 0x1219 indicates firmware revision 1.2.19.

MFR_ARA_CONFIG [0xE0]

Command support: Full support.

MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY [0xE2]

Command support: full support (bit 0) as follows:

Bit 0: 0 = Negative PGOOD logic (module PGOOD asserted when pin is LO, PGOOD de-asserted when pin is HI) 1 = Positive PGOOD logic (module PGOOD de-asserted when pin is LO, PGOOD asserted when pin is HI) MFR_MODULE_DATE_LOC_SN [0xF0]

Command support: read/write support for 12 byte block, lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE

Technical Specifications (continued)

PMBus Command Quick Reference Table

			DATA FORMAT	DATAUNITS	TYPE*	DEFAULT VALUE
OPERATION	0x01]	Bit field	N/A	R/W byte	0x80
ON_OFF_CONFIG	0x02	1	Bit field	N/A	R/W byte	0x1D (Neg Logic) 0x1F (Pos Logic)
CLEAR_FAULTS	0x03	0	N/A	N/A	Send byte	none
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL	0x11	0	N/A	N/A	Send byte	none
RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL	0x12	0	N/A	N/A	Send byte	none
VOUT_MODE	0x20	1	mode + exp	N/A	Read byte	0x14
VOUT_COMMAND	0x21	2	V _{out} linear	Volts	R/W word	12.000V
VOUT_CAL_OFFSET	0x23	2	Voutlinear	Volts	R/W word	MS
VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH	0x25	2	V _{out} linear	Volts	R/W word	12.000V
VOUT_MARGIN_LOW	0x26	2	Vout linear	Volts	R/W word	11.400V
VOUT_DROOP	0x28	2	linear	mV/A	R/W word	0 (without –P) 10 (with –P)
VIN_ON	0x35	2	linear	V	R/W word	39.000V
VIN_OFF	0x36	2	linear	V	R/W word	36.500V
VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	0x40	2	Vout linear	V	R/W word	15.000V
VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE	0x41	1	Bit field	N/A	R/W byte	0xB8
IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT	0x46	2	linear	Amps	R/W word	80.400A
IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE	0x47	1	Bit field	N/A	R/W byte	0xF8
IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT	0x4A	2	linear	Amps	R/W word	70.300A
OT_FAULT_LIMIT	0x4F	2	linear	Deg. C	R/W word	140C
OT_FAULT_RESPONSE	0x50	1	Bit field	N/A	R/W byte	0xB8
OT_WARN_LIMIT	0x51	2	linear	Deg. C	R/W word	125C
VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	0x55	2	linear	V	R/W word	65V
VIN_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE	0x56	1	Bit field	N/A	R/W byte	0xC0
POWER_GOOD_ON	0x5E	2	V _{out} linear	V	R/W word	11.400V
POWER_GOOD_OFF	0x5F	2	Vout linear	V	R/W word	9.800V
TON_DELAY	0x60	2	linear	msec	R/W word	Oms
TON_RISE	0x61	2	linear	msec	R/W word	15ms (without –P) 200ms (with –P)
STATUS_WORD	0x79	2	Bit field	N/A	Read word	N/A
STATUS_VOUT	0x7A	1	Bit field	N/A	Read byte	N/A
STATUS_IOUT	0x7B	1	Bit field	N/A	Read byte	N/A
STATUS_INPUT	0x7C	1	Bit field	N/A	Read byte	N/A
STATUS_TEMPERATURE	0x7D	1	Bit field	N/A	Read byte	N/A
STATUS_CML	0x7E	1	Bit field	N/A	Read byte	N/A
READ_VIN	0x88	2	linear	V	Read word	N/A
READ_VOUT	0x8B	2	V _{out} linear	V	Read word	N/A
READ_IOUT	0x8C	2	linear	Amps	Read word	N/A
READ_TEMP1	0x8D	2	linear	Deg. C	Read word	N/A
PMBUS_REVISION	0x98	1	Bit Field	n/a	Read byte	1.2
MFR_DEVICE_TYPE	0xD0	2	Custom	N/A	R/W word	0x00AA
MFR_VOUT_READ_CAL_GAIN	0xD1	2	16 bit unsigned	N/A	R/W word	0x2000
MFR_VOUT_READ_CAL_OFFSET	0xD2	2	mod Vout linear	N/A	R/W word	MS
MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_GAIN	0xD3	2	16 bit unsigned	N/A	R/W word	MS
MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_OFFSET	0xD4	2	linear	N/A	R/W word	MS
MFR_IOUT_CAL_GAIN	0xD6	2	16 bit unsigned	N/A	R/W word	MS
MFR_IOUT_CAL_OFFSET	0xD7	2	linear	N/A	R/W word	MS
MFR_FW_REV	0xDB	2	4 BCD digits	N/A	Read byte	0xMj.Mn.Bh Bl
MFR_ARA_CONFIG	0xE0	1	Bit field	N/A	R/W byte	0x00
		1	Bit field	N/A	R/W byte	0x01
MFR PGOOD POLARITY	0xE2	1 1 1				

MS=Module specific

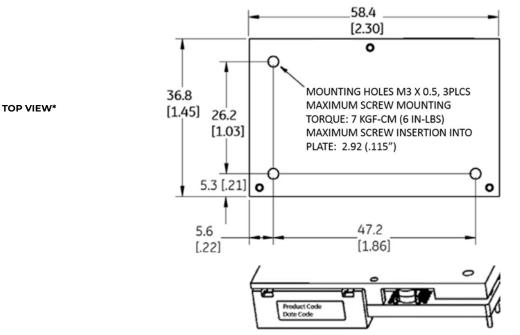
*Some Write commands are ignored until Write Protection is disabled using the MFR_DEVICE_TYPE (0xD0) command. These are identified by "lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE" In the preceding detailed command descriptions.



Mechanical Outline for QBDE067A0B41-HZ (Base plate) Through-hole Module

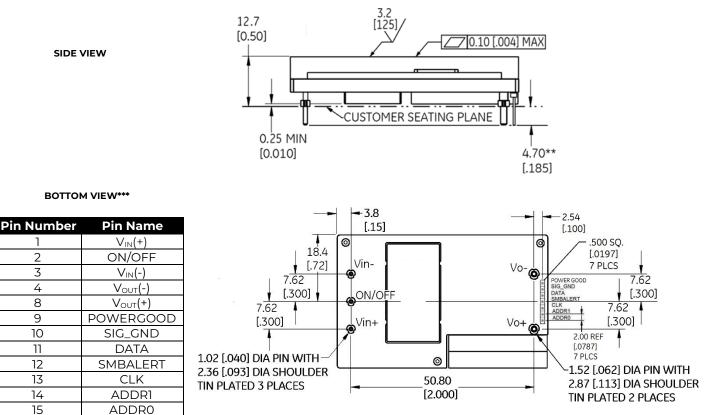
Dimensions are in millimeters and [inches].

Tolerances: x.x mm ± 0.5 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.02 in.] (Unless otherwise indicated) x.xx mm ± 0.25 mm [x.xxx in ± 0.010 in.]



*Top side label includes OmniOn name, product designation, and data code.

** Standard pin tail length. Optional pin tail lengths shown in Table 2, Device Options



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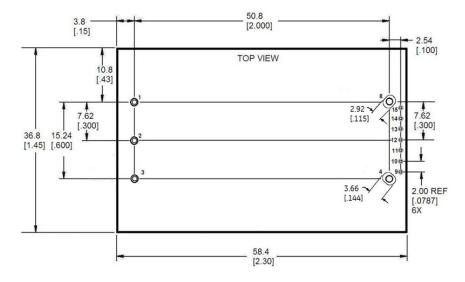
Recommended Pad Layouts

Dimensions are in millimeters and [inches].

Tolerances: x.x mm ± 0.5 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.02 in.] (unless otherwise indicated)

x.xx mm ± 0.25 mm [x.xxx in ± 0.010 in.]

Pin Number	Pin Name
1	V _{IN} (+)
2	ON/OFF
3	V _{IN} (-)
4	V _{OUT} (-)
8	V _{OUT} (+)
9	POWER GOOD
10	SIG_GND
11	DATA
12	SMBALERT
13	CLK
14	ADDR1
15	ADDR0



Hole and Pad diameter recommendation:

Pin Number	Hole Dia mm [in]	Pad Dia mm [in]
1, 2, 3	1.6 [.063]	2.1 [.083]
9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15	1.0 [.039]	1.5 [.059]
4,5,7,8	2.2 [.087]	3.2 [.126]

Packaging Details

All versions of the QBDE067A0B are supplied as standard in the plastic trays shown in Figure 27.

Tray Specification

Material	PET (1mm)
Max surface resistivity	10 ⁹ -10 ¹¹ Ω/PET
Color	Clear
Capacity	12 power modules
Min order quantity	24 pcs (1 box of 2 full
	trays + 1 empty top tray)

Each tray contains a total of 12 power modules. The trays are self-stacking and each shipping box for the QBDE067A0B module contains 2 full trays plus one empty hold-down tray giving a total number of 24 power modules.

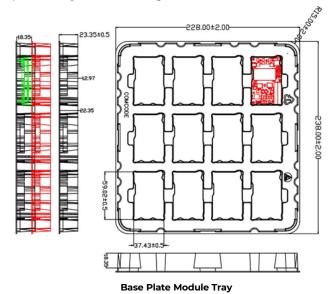


Figure 27. QBDE067A0B Packaging Tray



Ordering Information

Please contact your OmniOn Sales Representative for pricing, availability and optional features.

Product Codes	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current	Efficiency	ConnectorType	MSL Ra-ting	Ordering codes
QBDE067A0B41-HZ	48/52/54V (40-60V _{dc})	12V	67A	96.1%	Through hole	2a	150050374
QBDE067A0B641-HZ	48/52/54V (40-60V _{dc})	12V	67A	96.1%	Through hole	2a	150050860
QBDE067A0B641-PHZ	48/52/54V (40-60V _{dc})	12V	67A	96.1%	Through hole	2a	150049071
QBDE067A0B641-02PHZ	48/52/54V (40-60V _{dc})	12V	67A	96.1%	Through hole	2a	1600096714A

Table 1. Device Codes

	Characteristic				Charact	er ar	d	203	sitic	on				Definition
	Form Factor	Q												Q = Quarter Brick
	Family Designator		BD											BD = BARACUDA Digital Series with PMBus interface
Ratings	Input Voltage			Е										E = 40V - 60V
	Output current				067A0									067A0 = 67.0 Rated Output current
	Output Voltage				В									B = 12.0V nominal
	Pin Length					8								Omit = Default Pin Length shown in Mechanical Outline(4.70mm) 8= Pin Length: 2.79 mm ± 0.25mm , (0.145 in. ± 0.010 in.)6 = Pin Length: 3.68 mm ± 0.25mm , (0.110 in. ± 0.010 in.)
	Action following Protective Shutdown						2	, +						Omi = Latching Mode 4 = Auto-restart following shutdown (Overcurrent/Overvoltage)
Options	SOn/Off Logic								1					Omit = Positive Logic I = Negative Logic
	Modification								-	XY				XY= Modification Code, Omitted for Standard Code
	Load Share										Ρ			P= Paralleling version, with programmable output-voltage droop
	Heat Plate											н		H= Heat plate , for use with heat sinks or cold walls
	RoHS					Τ							Ζ	Z=RoHS Compliant,

Table 2. Device Options

Contact Us

For more information, call us at 1-877-546-3243 (US) 1-972-244-9288 (Int'l)



Change History (excludes grammar & clarifications)

Revision	Date	Description of the change
9.5	04/08/2022	Update as per template, ROHS
9.7	11/15/2022	Corrected programmable Vout ranges (pp .5, 18, 23)
9.8	11/17/2022	Clarified footnote on p.5
9.9	11/23/2023	Updated as per OmniOn template



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